

what is the business judgment rule

What is the Business Judgment Rule? A Comprehensive Guide

Introduction:

Understanding the Business Judgment Rule: A Shield for Directors and Officers

The business judgment rule is a cornerstone of corporate law, offering significant protection to directors and officers from liability for business decisions that, in hindsight, turn out poorly. This comprehensive guide will delve into the intricacies of this crucial legal doctrine, exploring its application, limitations, and implications for corporate governance. We'll clarify what constitutes a protected decision, examine exceptions to the rule, and provide practical examples to illuminate its real-world impact. Understanding the business judgment rule is vital for anyone involved in corporate governance, from board members to executives to shareholders.

Article Outline:

- I. Defining the Business Judgment Rule
- II. The Elements of the Business Judgment Rule
- III. When the Business Judgment Rule Applies
- IV. Exceptions to the Business Judgment Rule
- V. The Burden of Proof
- VI. Practical Examples of the Business Judgment Rule in Action
- VII. The Importance of Good Faith and Due Diligence
- VIII. Business Judgment Rule and Corporate Governance

Article Body:

- I. Defining the Business Judgment Rule:

The Business Judgment Rule: A Definition

The business judgment rule is a legal presumption that directors and officers of a corporation acted on an informed basis, in good faith, and in the honest belief that their actions were in the best interests of the corporation. This presumption shields them from personal liability for decisions that result in

losses, provided they meet certain criteria.

II. The Elements of the Business Judgment Rule:

Informed Decision-Making: A Key Element

The business judgment rule protects directors and officers only if their decisions were made after a reasonable investigation and consideration of relevant information. This implies a duty of care to be reasonably informed before making a business decision.

Good Faith and Honesty of Purpose: Essential for Protection

Directors and officers must act in good faith, believing their actions are in the best interests of the corporation. Self-dealing or actions motivated by personal gain are explicitly excluded from this protection.

Rational Business Purpose: The Objective of the Decision

The decision must have a rational business purpose, even if that purpose ultimately fails to achieve the desired outcome. A decision made with a legitimate business objective, even if poorly executed, is more likely to be protected.

III. When the Business Judgment Rule Applies:

Application to Corporate Decision-Making: A Wide Range of Scenarios

The business judgment rule applies to a broad range of corporate decisions, from strategic planning and mergers and acquisitions to day-to-day operational matters. It acts as a safeguard against frivolous lawsuits targeting directors and officers for business risks.

Protection for Directors and Officers: Shielding Against Personal Liability

The primary purpose of the business judgment rule is to protect directors and officers from personal liability for honest mistakes in judgment. It encourages risk-taking and innovation by reducing the fear of personal financial repercussions.

IV. Exceptions to the Business Judgment Rule:

Absence of Good Faith: Intentional Wrongdoing

The business judgment rule does not apply if directors or officers acted in bad faith, with a conflict of interest, or engaged in illegal or fraudulent activity.

Lack of Due Diligence: Failure to Investigate

Failure to conduct reasonable investigation before making a decision can invalidate the protection afforded by the business judgment rule. This means directors have a responsibility to gather and assess relevant information.

Violation of the Duty of Loyalty: Self-dealing and Conflicts

Any actions indicating self-dealing or prioritizing personal interests over the corporation's well-being will negate the business judgment rule's protections.

V. The Burden of Proof:

Plaintiff's Burden: Demonstrating Breach of Duty

The burden of proving a breach of the duty of care or loyalty, thus overcoming the business judgment rule, rests with the plaintiff (the party bringing the lawsuit).

Rebutting the Presumption: Evidence of Negligence or Misconduct

To overcome the presumption of the business judgment rule, the plaintiff must present compelling evidence that the directors acted negligently or with misconduct.

VI. Practical Examples of the Business Judgment Rule in Action:

Example 1: A Risky Investment that Fails

A company invests heavily in a new technology that ultimately fails. If the directors acted on sound advice and after due diligence, the business judgment rule would likely protect them from liability.

Example 2: A Merger that Doesn't Yield Expected

Results

A company merges with another, but the anticipated synergies fail to materialize. If the directors followed proper procedures and conducted adequate due diligence, the business judgment rule would offer protection.

VII. The Importance of Good Faith and Due Diligence:

Good Faith: Acting in the Best Interest of the Corporation

Acting in good faith demonstrates a commitment to the corporation's well-being and is critical for invoking the protections of the business judgment rule.

Due Diligence: Conducting Thorough Investigations

Thorough due diligence is essential for demonstrating informed decision-making and avoiding claims of negligence or recklessness. This includes seeking expert advice when necessary.

VIII. Business Judgment Rule and Corporate Governance:

Promoting Effective Corporate Governance: A Key Role

The business judgment rule plays a vital role in promoting effective corporate governance by encouraging directors to make decisions without fear of undue legal repercussions for honest mistakes.

Balancing Risk and Reward: Encouraging Bold Decisions

The rule helps to balance the risks inherent in business decision-making with the need for bold and innovative strategies. It provides a safety net for reasonable risk-taking.

Conclusion:

The business judgment rule is a crucial legal protection for directors and officers, fostering sound corporate governance. However, it is not a license for reckless disregard or self-serving actions. Adherence to the principles of good faith, due diligence, and rational business purpose is paramount to securing the protection offered by this vital legal doctrine.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs):

Q: Does the business judgment rule protect directors from all liability? A: No, it protects against liability for honest mistakes in judgment, not for fraud, illegality, or self-dealing.

Q: What constitutes "due diligence" under the business judgment rule? A: Due diligence involves a reasonable investigation and consideration of relevant information before making a decision. The standard varies depending on the circumstances.

Q: Can shareholders sue directors even if the business judgment rule applies? A: Yes, shareholders can sue, but overcoming the business judgment rule's presumption requires demonstrating a breach of duty of care or loyalty.

Q: How does the business judgment rule differ from the duty of care? A: The duty of care requires directors to act reasonably and prudently. The business judgment rule is a presumption that directors met this duty, protecting them from liability unless that presumption is overcome.

Related Keywords:

Corporate law, director liability, officer liability, fiduciary duty, duty of care, duty of loyalty, corporate governance, business decisions, risk management, legal protection, informed consent, good faith, due diligence, negligence, fraud, self-dealing, shareholder derivative suits, board of directors, executive compensation.

what is the business judgment rule: The Business Judgment Rule Stephen A. Radin, 2009

what is the business judgment rule: *The Business Judgment Rule* Stephen A. Radin, Dennis J. Block, 2009 The new recently updated Sixth Edition of *The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors* explores the latest developments in the law in Delaware and all other jurisdictions that have addressed business judgment rule and related corporate governance issues, as well as the most recent cases exploring the breadth and limits of the business judgment rule. Meticulously researched and expertly analyzed by Stephen A. Radin, partner at Weil, Gotshal & Manges, LLP, and one of the most respected and experienced practitioners in the field, *The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors* provides the timely authoritative guidance you need. The author seamlessly combines cases, statutory provisions and commentary to help you make sense of the constantly changing body of law, even as the courts struggle to adapt the rule in new contexts. *The Business Judgment Rule, Sixth Edition* spotlights such vital areas as-- duty of care issues duty of loyalty issues disinterestedness and independence issues the emerging good faith doctrine oversight and the Caremark doctrine compensation stock option backdating controlling shareholder transactions special committees disclosure obligations appraisal financially troubled companies and the zone of insolvency defensive measures deal protection measures shareholder derivative litigation the pre-litigation demand requirement Section 220 demands indemnification of directors and officers *The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors, Sixth Edition* is a powerful legal tool. It's the most complete, most current, most practical guide in the corporate governance arena available to working professionals today.

what is the business judgment rule: *The Business Judgment Rule* Stephen A. Radin, Dennis J.

Block, Nancy E. Barton, 2009 The new recently expanded Sixth Edition of The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors explores the latest developments in the law in Delaware and all other jurisdictions that have addressed business judgment rule and related corporate governance issues, as well as the most recent cases exploring the breadth and limits of the business judgment rule. Meticulously researched and expertly analyzed by Stephen A. Radin, partner at Weil, Gotshal & Manges, LLP, and one of the most respected and experienced practitioners in the field, this highly regarded text is an invaluable research tool. The author seamlessly combines cases, statutory provisions and commentary to help you make sense of the constantly changing body of law, even as the courts struggle to adapt the rule in new contexts. The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors, now recently updated and expanded from two to four volumes, provides the timely authoritative guidance you need. The Business Judgment Rule, Sixth Edition spotlights such vital areas as-- duty of care issues duty of loyalty issues disinterestedness and independence issues the emerging good faith doctrine oversight and the Caremark doctrine compensation stock option backdating controlling shareholder transactions special committees disclosure obligations appraisal financially troubled companies and the zone of insolvency defensive measures deal protection measures shareholder derivative litigation the pre-litigation demand requirement Section 220 demands indemnification of directors and officers The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors, Sixth Edition is a powerful legal tool. It's the most complete, most current, most practical guide in the corporate governance arena available to working professionals today.

what is the business judgment rule: The Business Judgment Rule Dennis J. Block, 1998

what is the business judgment rule: *The Business Judgment Rule* Stephen A. Radin, 2013-12 The new recently updated Sixth Edition of The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors explores the latest developments in the law in Delaware and all other jurisdictions that have addressed business judgment rule and related corporate governance issues, as well as the most recent cases exploring the breadth and limits of the business judgment rule. Meticulously researched and expertly analyzed by Stephen A. Radin, partner at Weil, Gotshal & Manges, LLP, and one of the most respected and experienced practitioners in the field, The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors provides the timely authoritative guidance you need. The author seamlessly combines cases, statutory provisions and commentary to help you make sense of the constantly changing body of law, even as the courts struggle to adapt the rule in new contexts. The Business Judgment Rule, Sixth Edition spotlights such vital areas as-- duty of care issues duty of loyalty issues disinterestedness and independence issues the emerging good faith doctrine oversight and the Caremark doctrine compensation stock option backdating controlling shareholder transactions special committees disclosure obligations appraisal financially troubled companies and the zone of insolvency defensive measures deal protection measures shareholder derivative litigation the pre-litigation demand requirement Section 220 demands indemnification of directors and officers The Business Judgment Rule: Fiduciary Duties of Corporate Directors, Sixth Edition is a powerful legal tool. It's the most complete, most current, most practical guide in the corporate governance arena available to working professionals today.

what is the business judgment rule: Corporate Director's Guidebook American Bar Association. Committee on Corporate Laws, 2007 The Corporate Director's Guidebook is recognized as the premier authority on the director's role and the board's functions. It is read, consulted and cited by board members, executives, lawyers and academics nationwide. Now available as a new Fifth Edition, the Guidebook completely updates its fourth edition published in 2004. This new Fifth Edition addresses recent effects the Sarbanes-Oxley Act has had in the corporate governance arena and its impact on the legal responsibilities of directors of public companies.

what is the business judgment rule: The Foundations of Anglo-American Corporate Fiduciary Law David Kershaw, 2018-08-23 This book explores the foundations and evolution of modern corporate fiduciary law in the United States and the United Kingdom. Today US and UK fiduciary law provide very different approaches to the regulation of directorial behaviour. However,

as the book shows, the law in both jurisdictions borrowed from the same sources in eighteenth- and nineteenth-century English fiduciary and commercial law. The book identifies the shared legal foundations and authorities and explores the drivers of corporate fiduciary law's contemporary divergence. In so doing it challenges the prevailing accounts of corporate legal change and stability in the US and the UK.

what is the business judgment rule: The Shareholder Value Myth Lynn Stout, 2012-05-07 An in-depth look at the trouble with shareholder value thinking and at better options for models of corporate purpose. Executives, investors, and the business press routinely chant the mantra that corporations are required to “maximize shareholder value.” In this pathbreaking book, renowned corporate expert Lynn Stout debunks the myth that corporate law mandates shareholder primacy. Stout shows how shareholder value thinking endangers not only investors but the rest of us as well, leading managers to focus myopically on short-term earnings; discouraging investment and innovation; harming employees, customers, and communities; and causing companies to indulge in reckless, sociopathic, and irresponsible behaviors. And she looks at new models of corporate purpose that better serve the needs of investors, corporations, and society. “A must-read for managers, directors, and policymakers interested in getting America back in the business of creating real value for the long term.” —Constance E. Bagley, professor, Yale School of Management; president, Academy of Legal Studies in Business; and author of *Managers and the Legal Environment* and *Winning Legally* “A compelling call for radically changing the way business is done... The Shareholder Value Myth powerfully demonstrates both the dangers of the shareholder value rule and the falseness of its alleged legal necessity.” —Joel Bakan, professor, The University of British Columbia, and author of the book and film *The Corporation* “Lynn Stout has a keen mind, a sharp pen, and an unbending sense of fearlessness. Her book is a must-read for anyone interested in understanding the root causes of the current financial calamity.” —Jack Willoughby, senior editor, *Barron's* “Lynn Stout offers a new vision of good corporate governance that serves investors, firms, and the American economy.” —Judy Samuelson, executive director, Business and Society Program, The Aspen Institute

what is the business judgment rule: *The Business Judgment Rule* Dennis J. Block, Nancy E. Barton, Stephen A. Radin, 1987

what is the business judgment rule: *The Business Judgment Rule* Dennis J. Block, 1998

what is the business judgment rule: *Model Rules of Professional Conduct* American Bar Association. House of Delegates, Center for Professional Responsibility (American Bar Association), 2007 The Model Rules of Professional Conduct provides an up-to-date resource for information on legal ethics. Federal, state and local courts in all jurisdictions look to the Rules for guidance in solving lawyer malpractice cases, disciplinary actions, disqualification issues, sanctions questions and much more. In this volume, black-letter Rules of Professional Conduct are followed by numbered Comments that explain each Rule's purpose and provide suggestions for its practical application. The Rules will help you identify proper conduct in a variety of given situations, review those instances where discretionary action is possible, and define the nature of the relationship between you and your clients, colleagues and the courts.

what is the business judgment rule: *Corporate Friction* David Yosifon, 2018-05-10 This book criticizes prevailing corporate law in the United States and articulates reforms aimed at making corporations more socially responsible.

what is the business judgment rule: *The Economic Structure of Corporate Law* Frank H. Easterbrook, Daniel R. Fischel, 1996-02-01 The authors argue that the rules and practices of corporate law mimic contractual provisions that parties would reach if they bargained about every contingency at zero cost and flawlessly enforced their agreements. But bargaining and enforcement are costly, and corporate law provides the rules and an enforcement mechanism that govern relations among those who commit their capital to such ventures. The authors work out the reasons for supposing that this is the exclusive function of corporate law and the implications of this perspective.

what is the business judgment rule: *The Oxford Handbook of Fiduciary Law* Evan J. Criddle, Paul B. Miller, Robert H. Sitkoff, 2019-04-29 The Oxford Handbook of Fiduciary Law provides a comprehensive overview of critical topics in fiduciary law and theory through chapters authored by leading scholars. The Handbook opens with surveys of the many fields of law in which fiduciary duties arise, including agency law, trust law, corporate law, pension law, bankruptcy law, family law, employment law, legal representation, health care, and international law. Drawing on these surveys, the Handbook offers a synthetic analysis of fiduciary law's key concepts and principles. Chapters in the Handbook explore the defining features of fiduciary relationships, clarify the distinctive fiduciary duties that arise in these relationships, and identify the remedies available for breach of fiduciary duties. The volume also provides numerous comparative perspectives on fiduciary law from eminent legal historians and from scholars with deep expertise in a diverse array of the world's legal systems. Finally, the Handbook lays the groundwork for future research on fiduciary law and theory by highlighting cross-cutting themes, identifying persistent theoretical and practical challenges, and exploring how the field could be enriched through empirical analysis and interdisciplinary insights from economics, philosophy, and psychology. Unparalleled in its breadth and depth of coverage, The Oxford Handbook of Fiduciary Law represents an invaluable resource for practitioners, policymakers, scholars, and students in this essential field of law.

what is the business judgment rule: *Michigan Court Rules* Kelly Stephen Searl, William C. Searl, 1922

what is the business judgment rule: Business Organizations and Corporate Law Neal R. Bevans, 2006-07-19 Business Organizations and Corporate Law is a text designed for the paralegal student. The unique perspective of this text was created specifically with the student in mind and focuses on being reader-friendly and paralegal centered. There is a strong emphasis on the role of the paralegal in helping to create different business organizations, and the focus is on building a strong foundation on theory followed up with reinforcing practical examples and applications. There are learning objectives at the beginning of each chapter to clarify the goal of the chapter, and important terms are bolded and defined upon first use in order to highlight legal terminology. Ethical blocks were created to encourage discussion of ethical issues throughout the text, and there are many case excerpts included to lead to a more thorough exploration of business law issues. Not only are the various models of business organizations explored, but also the critical role played by the paralegal and the legal team in creating and maintaining those organizations. This along with a clear balance between theory and application as well as multiple learning tools, makes Business Organizations and Corporate Law the ideal text and reference. Important Notice: Media content referenced within the product description or the product text may not be available in the ebook version.

what is the business judgment rule: Director Liability in Agricultural Cooperatives Douglas Fee, 1984

what is the business judgment rule: *United States Code* United States, 2001

what is the business judgment rule: Comparative Company Law Andreas Cahn, David C. Donald, 2018-10-04 Presents in-depth, comparative analyses of German, UK and US company laws illustrated by leading cases, with German cases in English translation.

what is the business judgment rule: Practitioner's Guide to Global Investigations Judith Seddon, 2018-01-19 There's never been a greater likelihood a company and its key people will become embroiled in a cross-border investigation. But emerging unscarred is a challenge. Local laws and procedures on corporate offences differ extensively - and can be contradictory. To extricate oneself with minimal cost requires a nuanced ability to blend understanding of the local law with the wider dimension and, in particular, to understand where the different countries showing an interest will differ in approach, expectations or conclusions. Against this backdrop, GIR has published the second edition of The Practitioner's Guide to Global Investigation. The book is divided into two parts with chapters written exclusively by leading names in the field. Using US and UK practice and procedure, Part I tracks the development of a serious allegation (whether originating inside or

outside a company) - looking at the key risks that arise and the challenges it poses, along with the opportunities for its resolution. It offers expert insight into fact-gathering (including document preservation and collection, witness interviews); structuring the investigation (the complexities of cross-border privilege issues); and strategising effectively to resolve cross-border probes and manage corporate reputation. Part II features detailed comparable surveys of the relevant law and practice in jurisdictions that build on many of the vital issues pinpointed in Part I.

what is the business judgment rule: *Maryland Corporation Law* James J. Hanks, Jr., 1995-12-31 *Maryland Corporation Law* is the only current treatise covering all aspects of Maryland corporation law and practice, providing authoritative guidance to the statutes, legislative history, and relevant cases, and is frequently cited by judges and lawyers as the authoritative source in the field. More New York Stock Exchange-listed companies are formed under Maryland law than any state except Delaware. This authoritative volume gives subscribers a thorough background to the Maryland General Corporation Law (The 'MGCL'), including: formation of a corporation; the conduct of a corporation's internal affairs; liability and protection of directors and officers; voting and other rights of stockholders; mergers; charter amendments; and dissolution of a corporation. *Maryland Corporation Law* also discusses derivative actions, corporate opportunity, successor liability and takeover defenses. In addition, there is a separate chapter devoted exclusively to Maryland real estate investment trusts. *Maryland Corporation Law* also provides the complete up-to-date text of the MGCL and related statutes, and includes a forms section, prepared by the author, containing many Maryland specific forms. Recent additions include topics such as: Corporations - Distributions, Mergers, Appraisal Rights and Articles Supplementary Investment Companies - Series Funds, Transfer of Assets Directors and Stockholders - Meetings, Notices, and Consents A newly added chapter on Maryland business trusts Recent cases decided by the Court of Special Appeals of Maryland, the United States Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit and the United States District Court for the District of Maryland

what is the business judgment rule: Comparative Corporate Governance Afra Afsharipour, Martin Gelter, 2021-06-25 This research handbook provides a state-of-the-art perspective on how corporate governance differs between countries around the world. It covers highly topical issues including corporate purpose, corporate social responsibility and shareholder activism.

what is the business judgment rule: *Panter V. Marshall Field & Co* , 1980

what is the business judgment rule: Laws of UX Jon Yablonski, 2020-04-21 An understanding of psychology—specifically the psychology behind how users behave and interact with digital interfaces—is perhaps the single most valuable nondesign skill a designer can have. The most elegant design can fail if it forces users to conform to the design rather than working within the blueprint of how humans perceive and process the world around them. This practical guide explains how you can apply key principles in psychology to build products and experiences that are more intuitive and human-centered. Author Jon Yablonski deconstructs familiar apps and experiences to provide clear examples of how UX designers can build experiences that adapt to how users perceive and process digital interfaces. You'll learn: How aesthetically pleasing design creates positive responses The principles from psychology most useful for designers How these psychology principles relate to UX heuristics Predictive models including Fitts's law, Jakob's law, and Hick's law Ethical implications of using psychology in design A framework for applying these principles

what is the business judgment rule: *Takeover Defense* Arthur Fleischer, Alexander R. Sussman, Henry Lesser, 1990

what is the business judgment rule: Corporate Law Stephen M. Bainbridge, 2009 Corporations classes present students with two related problems: First, many students have trouble understanding the cases studied because they do not understand the transactions giving rise to those cases. Second, Corporations classes at many law schools are taught from a law and economics perspective, which many students find unfamiliar and/or daunting. Yet, with few exceptions, corporate law treatises and other study aids have essentially ignored the law and economics revolution. This book is intended to remedy these difficulties. The pedagogy is up-to - date, with a

strong emphasis on the doctrinal issues taught in today's Corporations classes and, equally important, a mainstream economic analysis of the major issues in the course. As such, the text is coherent and cohesive: It provides students not only with an overview of the course, but also (and more importantly) with a unifying method of thinking about the course. Using a few basic tools of law and economics-price theory, game theory, and the theory of the firm literature-students will come to see corporate law as the proverbial seamless web. Finally, the text is highly readable: The style is simple, direct, and reader- friendly. Even when dealing with complicated economic or financial issues, the text seeks to make those issues readily accessible.

what is the business judgment rule: Corporations in 100 Pages Scott Hirst, Holger Spamann, Gabriel V. Rauterberg, 2021-08-05 This book is a primer on corporate law for law students and anyone else interested in the foundations of corporate law. The book provides a self-contained, accessible presentation of the field's essentials: what corporations are, how they are governed, their interactions with their investors and other stakeholders, major transactions (M&A), and parallels with alternative entities including partnerships. Optional background chapters cover the investor ecosystem, contemporary corporate governance, and corporate finance. The book's exposition of doctrine and policy is nuanced and sophisticated yet short and simple enough for a quick read. An astonishingly lucid summary, I wish I had it when I was in law school. -Sarath Sanga, Northwestern Pritzker School of Law Corporations in 100 Pages achieves the impossible: it offers a masterfully clear and concise exposition of corporate law and its motivating principles, without dumbing down the subject matter. I recommend it to all of my students-it's an invaluable resource. -Elisabeth de Fontenay, Duke University School of Law

what is the business judgment rule: Kiess V. Eason , 1970

what is the business judgment rule: The Corporate Objective Andrew R. Keay, 2011-01-01 'This is legal scholarship of the finest kind, concerned with an issue of supreme political, economic and social importance. Professor Keay takes the debate on the object of the modern public corporation by the scruff of its neck and skilfully navigates between the Scylla and Charybdis of the shareholder/stakeholder debate. This book, characterised by admirable analytical clarity and a huge amount of research, faithfully summarises the debate hitherto, and propels us to the next stage with a powerful argument, which challenges, effectively, both the stakeholder and shareholder theories.' - Harry Rajak, University of Sussex School of Law, UK The Corporate Objective addresses a question that has been subject to much debate: what should be the objective of public corporations? It examines the two dominant theories that address this issue, the shareholder primacy and stakeholder theories, and finds that both have serious shortcomings. The book goes on to develop a new theory, called the Entity Maximisation and Sustainability Model. Under this model, directors are to endeavour to increase the overall long-run market value of the corporation as an entity. At the same time as maximising wealth, directors have to ensure that the corporation survives and is able to stay afloat and pursue the development of the corporation's position. Andrew Keay seeks to explain and justify the model and discusses how the model is enforced, how investors fit into the model, how directors are to act and how profits are to be allocated. Analysing in depth the existing theories which seek to explain the corporate objective, this book will appeal to academics in corporate law and corporate governance as well as law, finance, business ethics, organisational behaviour, management, economics, accounting and sociology. Postgraduate students in corporate law and corporate governance, directors, and government regulators will also find much to interest them in this study.

what is the business judgment rule: Comparative Corporate Governance Klaus J. Hopt, 1998 This book goes back to a symposium held at the Max Planck Institute for Foreign Private and Private International Law in Hamburg on May 15-17 1997--P. [v].

what is the business judgment rule: Ten Basic Responsibilities of Nonprofit Boards Richard T. Ingram, 2009 Designed to help nonprofit board members and senior staff, The six books address all of the fundamental elements of service common to most boards, including board member responsibilities, how to structure the board in the most efficient manner, and how to accomplish

governance work in the spirit of the mission of the organization.--Pg. 2 of Book 1

what is the business judgment rule: The Delaware Law of Corporations & Business Organizations Statutory Deskbook 2011 Balotti, Jesse A. Finkelstein, 2010-10-01 The Delaware Law of Corporations & Business Organizations Statutory Deskbook is designed to facilitate research into matters of statutory scope and construction. Compact and easily portable, The Statutory Deskbook brings you the complete text, with all current amendments of the principal Delaware business organization statutes, including: The Delaware General Corporation Law Limited Liability Company Act Statutory Trust Statute Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act The Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act The Uniform Unincorporated Nonprofit Association Act Other related provisions of the State of Delaware Constitution, Franchise Tax Law and Code This statutory booklet is designed to be a convenient guide to Delaware corporations, limited partnerships and limited liability companies and is able to be easily transported by the user as an extension of the current three-volume The Delaware Law of Corporations & Business Organization, Third Edition. In addition, the accompanying CD-ROM contains the full contents of the statutory booklet, with a search mechanism that allows the user to make research more efficient.

what is the business judgment rule: The Business Judgment Rule Dennis J. Block, Nancy E. Barton, Stephen A. Radin, 1991

what is the business judgment rule: Board Accountability in Corporate Governance Andrew Keay, 2015-05-15 Within corporate governance the accountability of the board of directors is identified as a major issue by governments, international bodies, professional associations and academic literature. Boards are given significant power in companies, and as a consequence it is argued that they should be accountable for their actions. Drawing on political science, public administration, accounting, and ethics literature, this book examines the concept of accountability and its meaning in the corporate governance context. It examines the rationale for making boards accountable, and outlines the obstacles and drawbacks involved in providing for accountability. The book goes on to examine how current mechanisms for ensuring accountability are assessed in terms of fairness, justice, transparency, practicality, effectiveness and efficiency, before discussing the ways that accountability might be improved. Andrew Keay argues that enhanced accountability can provide better corporate governance, helping to reduce the frequency and severity of financial crises, and improve confidence in company practice. As an in depth study of a key element within the exercise of authority and management in corporate entities, this book will be of great use and interest to researchers and students of corporate governance, business and management, and corporate social responsibility.

what is the business judgment rule: Deference in International Courts and Tribunals Lukasz Gruszczynski, Wouter G. Werner, 2014 International courts use two key methodologies to determine the degree of deference granted to states in their implementation of international obligations: the standard of review and margin of appreciation. This book investigates how these doctrines are applied in international courts, analysing where their approaches converge and diverge.

what is the business judgment rule: Research Handbook on Fiduciary Law D. Gordon Smith, Andrew S. Gold, The Research Handbook on Fiduciary Law offers specially commissioned chapters written by leading scholars and covers a wide range of important topics in fiduciary law. Topical contributions discuss: various fiduciary relationships; the duty of loyalty and other fiduciary obligations; fiduciary remedies; the role of equity; the role of trust; international and comparative perspectives; and public fiduciary law. This Research Handbook will be of interest to readers concerned with both theory and practice, as it incorporates significant new insights and developments in the field.

what is the business judgment rule: Research Handbook on Mergers and Acquisitions Claire A. Hill, Steven Davidoff Solomon, 2016-09-30 Global in scope and written by leading scholars in the field, the Research Handbook on Mergers and Acquisitions is a modern-day survey of the state of M&A. Its chapters explore the history of mergers and acquisitions and also consider the theory

behind the structure of modern transaction documentation. The book also address other key M&A issues, such as takeover defenses; judges and practitioners' perspectives on litigation; the appraisal remedy and other aspects of Federal and state law, as well as M&A considerations in the structure of start-ups. This Handbook will be an invaluable resource for scholars, practitioners, judges and legislators.

what is the business judgment rule: *Solomonic Judgements* Jon Elster, 1989-07-28 A collection of essays on rationality - its scope, its limitations and its failures.

what is the business judgment rule: *Super PACs* Louise I. Gerdes, 2014-05-20 The passage of Citizens United by the Supreme Court in 2010 sparked a renewed debate about campaign spending by large political action committees, or Super PACs. Its ruling said that it is okay for corporations and labor unions to spend as much as they want in advertising and other methods to convince people to vote for or against a candidate. This book provides a wide range of opinions on the issue. Includes primary and secondary sources from a variety of perspectives; eyewitnesses, scientific journals, government officials, and many others.

what is the business judgment rule: *Organizing Entrepreneurial Judgment* Nicolai J. Foss, Peter G. Klein, 2012-03-01 Entrepreneurship, long neglected by economists and management scholars, has made a dramatic comeback in the last two decades, not only among academic economists and management scholars, but also among policymakers, educators and practitioners. Likewise, the economic theory of the firm, building on Ronald Coase's (1937) seminal analysis, has become an increasingly important field in economics and management. Despite this resurgence, there is still little connection between the entrepreneurship literature and the literature on the firm, both in academia and in management practice. This book fills this gap by proposing and developing an entrepreneurial theory of the firm that focuses on the connections between entrepreneurship and management. Drawing on insights from Austrian economics, it describes entrepreneurship as judgmental decision made under uncertainty, showing how judgment is the driving force of the market economy and the key to understanding firm performance and organization.

Additional Resources

what is the business judgment rule

[What Is The Business Judgment Rule](#)

What Is The Business Judgment Rule

Related Articles

- [what is a wellness test](#)
- [what is a wellness class](#)
- [what is a wellness nurse](#)

[Back to Home](#)